

# $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{MULTISCREEN}^{TM} \ \textbf{DIVISION-ARRESTED} \ \textbf{CELL} \ \textbf{LINE} \\ \textbf{HUMAN} \ \textbf{RECOMBINANT} \ \textbf{GPR151} \ \textbf{RECEPTOR} \end{array}$

### PRODUCT INFORMATION

Catalog Number: DCG1181-1

Lot Number: DCG1181-1-051718

Quantity: 1 vial (4 x 10<sup>6</sup>) frozen cells

Freeze Medium: Cell Banker 2

(Amsbio 11891)

Host cell: CHO-K1 Gα16 Gαqi5

**Transfection**: Full-length Human GPR151 (GenBank Accession Number NM\_194251) with FLAG-tag sequence

at the N-terminus

Recommended Storage: Liquid

nitrogen upon receiving

Propagation Medium: DMEM, 10%

FBS

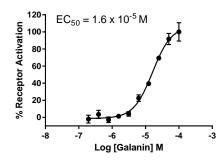
Stability: 1 - 2 days after thawing

## **Data sheet**

**Background:** The diverse physiological effects of Galanin, a biologically active neuropeptide, are mediated through cell surface G protein-coupled receptors. There are three galanin receptor subtypes, GALR1, GALR2 and GALR3 that have been widely used and Recently, a new GPCR, GalRL4 have been identified, termed as GPR151, which shows 41–43% similarity at the amino-acid level with the galanin-receptor subfamily. Galanin, widely distributed in the central and peripheral nervous systems and the endocrine systems, binds to galanin receptors to induce several regulatory functions in neuronal cells, including neuroregeneration, control of endocrine and exocrine secretions, and modulation of sensory and behavioral functions. Galanin agonists have been shown to have therapeutic application in treatment of chronic pain; galanin antagonists have therapeutic potential in treatment of Alzheimer's disease, depression, and feeding disorders.

Application: Functional assays

### Figure 1



**Figure** 1. Dose-dependent stimulation of calcium flux upon treatment with ligand, measured with Multiscreen™ Calcium 1.0 No Wash Assay Kit (Multispan MSCA01).

## References:

Branchek et al. (1998) Molecular biology and pharmacology of galanin receptors. Ann N Y Acad Sci 863: 94-107.

Wang et al. (1998) Differential intracellular signaling of the GalR1 and GalR2 galanin receptor subtypes. Biochemistry 37:6711-6717.

Ignatov et al. (2004) Cloning and characterization of a novel G-protein-coupled receptor with homology to galanin receptors. *Neuropharmacology*, 46 (8): 1114-20.